Roll No.		Signature of Invigilators
(Write Roll Number from left side		1
exactly as in the Admit Card)		2.
1017		Question Booklet Series X
	PAPER-II	Question Booklet No.
		(Identical with OMR

Subject Code: 10

Answer Sheet Number)

Time: 1 Hour 15 Minutes Maximum Marks: 100

POLITICAL SCIENCE

# Instructions for the Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page as well as on the OMR Sheet provided.
- 2. At the commencement of the examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and verify it:
  - (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page.
  - (ii) Faulty booklet, if detected, should be get replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
  - (iii) Verify whether the Question Booklet No. is identical with OMR Answer Sheet No.; if not, the full set to be replaced.
  - (iv) After this verification is over, the Question Booklet Series and Question Booklet Number should be entered on the OMR Sheet.
- 3. This paper consists of fifty (50) multiple-choice type questions. All the questions are compulsory. Each question carries *two* marks.
- 4. Each Question has four alternative responses marked: (A) (B) (C) (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each question.

Example: (A) (B) (D), where (C) is the correct response.

- 5. Your responses to the questions are to be indicated correctly in the OMR Sheet. If you mark your response at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 6. Rough work is to be done at the end of this booklet.
- 7. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, such as change of response by scratching or using white fluid, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 8. Do not tamper or fold the OMR Sheet in any way. If you do so, your OMR Sheet will not be evaluated.
- 9. You have to return the Original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry question booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet after completion of examination.
- 10. Use only Black Ball point pen.
- 11. Use of any calculator or mobile phone etc. is strictly prohibited.
- 12. There are no negative marks for incorrect answers.

[Please Turn Over]

X-31017-II

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

#### PAPER II

1.	The term dialectic comes from the Greek word	<b>6.</b> Match the following:	
	(A) dialogue	(a) Leviathan	(1) Hegel
	(B) dialego	(b) Confessions	(2) Rousseau
	(C) idealogue	(c) Philosophy of Rights	(3) Aristotle
	(D) None of the above	(d) Politics	(4) Hobbes

- 2. Who said that imperialism is the highest form of capitalism?
  - (A) Marx
  - (B) Lenin
  - (C) Gramsci
  - (D) Bernstein
- 3. Who did comment that Civil Society and Political Society have been created by the capitalist class to discipline mind and body of the common man?
  - (A) Marx
  - (B) Lenin
  - (C) Mao Tse Tung
  - (D) Gramsci
- **4.** The arguments regarding the decline of political theory is associated with
  - (A) Isaiah Berlin
  - (B) Alfred Cobban
  - (C) John Rawls
  - (D) Immanuel Kant
- 5. Which one of the following is *not* a feature of post-behaviourlism?
  - (A) The purpose of research is more important than the tools of research.
  - (B) Political Science must be concerned with realities of politics rather than with abstractions and analyses.
  - (C) Data must be quantified and measured for the purpose of analysis.
  - (D) Values are inseparable parts of the study of politics.

- (4) Hobbes Codes: (d) (a) (b) (c) (A) (2)(4) (1) (3)(2) (4)(B) (3) (1) (C) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (1) (3)(D)
- 7. Which of the following arguments are not advocated by the communitarians?
  - (A) Individual is a socially embedded being.
  - (B) Individual freedom cannot be surrendered for the cause of common welfare.
  - (C) Common good is more important than the individual rights.
  - (D) There cannot be any universal yardstick for all societies as they grow differently.
  - **8.** Match the following:
    - (a) Representative Democracy
    - (b) Procedural Democracy
    - (c) Elitist Democracy
    - (d) Participatory Democracy
    - (1) Periodic election
    - (2) Active Involvement of people
    - (3) Bureaucrats and socially influential sections rule the State
    - (4) People take part in the affairs of the State through their representatives

### Codes:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(A)	(4)	(1)	(3)	(2)
(B)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(4)
(C)	(1)	(3)	(4)	(2)
$(\mathbf{D})$	(2)	(4)	(1)	(2)

- **9.** What is the difference between Liberal and Marxist views on freedom?
  - (A) Liberals focus on individual freedom while Marxists emphasise on the freedom of the society as a whole.
  - (B) Liberals speak only about the liberty of the elites while Marxists speak about the liberty of the class.
  - (C) Liberal freedom is growth-oriented while Marxist freedom is activity-oriented.
  - (D) None of the above
  - 10. The book 'Subjection of Women' was written by
    - (A) Mary Wollstonecraft
    - (B) John Stuart Mill
    - (C) Jeremy Bentham
    - (D) Jean Jacques Rousseau
  - 11. The concept of Total Revolution was given by
    - (A) M. N. Roy
    - (B) Kanu Sanyal
    - (C) Jay Prakash Narayan
    - (D) Ram Manohar Lohia
- **12.** Which of the following pairs is *not* correctly matched?
  - 1. Assembly Bomb Case: Rajguru
  - 2. Kakori Conspiracy Case: Rajendra Lahiri
  - 3. Kanpur Conspiracy Case: S. A. Dange
  - 4. Meerut Conspiracy Case: Jawaharlal Nehru
  - (A) Only 1
  - (B) 3 and 4
  - (C) 1 and 3
  - (D) All of the pairs

- **13.** Arrange the following cases in the chronological order of their judgement:
  - 1. Kesavanand Bharati Case
  - 2. Golaknath Case
  - 3. Sajjan Singh Case
  - 4. Minerva Mills Case
  - (A) 1, 2, 3, 4
  - (B) 3, 2, 1, 4
  - (C) 4, 2, 3, 1
  - (D) 2, 3, 1, 4
- **14.** In Panchayati Raj Institutions, women have been given one-third of the seats reservation vide amendment in the Indian Constitution.
  - (A) 74th Constitutional Amendment
  - (B) 73rd Constitutional Amendment
  - (C) 64th Constitutional Amendment
  - (D) 42nd Constitutional Amendment
- **15.** The first non-Congress Prime Minister of India was
  - (A) Guljarilal Nanda
  - (B) Morarji Desai
  - (C) Charan Singh
  - (D) V. P. Singh
  - **16.** Consider the following statements:
    - 1. Hakim Ajmal Khan was one of the leaders who started Ahrar movement.
    - 2. Syed Ahmed Khan opposed the establishment of Indian National Congress.
    - 3. All India Muslim League opposed the partition of Bengal and separate electorates.
    - 4. Sarojini Naidu was the first woman President of Indian National Congress.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) 1 and 2
- (B) 1 and 3
- (C) 2 and 4
- (D) 3 and 4

X-5 1017-II

- **17.** The total number of members in the Vidhan Parishad of a state cannot exceed
  - (A) one-third of the total members in the Vidhan Sabha of that state.
  - (B) half of the total members in the Vidhan Sabha of that state.
  - (C) total of forty members.
  - (D) one-fourth of the combined number of Lok Sabha and Vidhan Sabha members of the state.
- **18.** Which of the following books is *not* written/ edited by Atul Kohli?
  - (A) India's Democracy
  - (B) Democracy and Discontent
  - (C) Success of India's Democracy
  - (D) State Against Democracy
- **19.** The First-State re-organised in India on linguistic basis was
  - (A) Andhra Pradesh
  - (B) Maharashtra
  - (C) Gujarat
  - (D) Tamil Nadu
- **20.** The amendment to the Indian Constitution which gave precedence to Directive Principle over Fundamental Rights is
  - (A) 35th
  - (B) 42nd
  - (C) 50th
  - (D) 51st
  - 21. Articles 17 and 18 of Indian Constitution provide
    - (A) Economic Equality
    - (B) Social Equality
    - (C) Political Equality
    - (D) Religious Equality

- **22.** Who wrote the book *The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation?* 
  - (A) Granville Austin
  - (B) Rajni Kothari
  - (C) B. R. Ambedkar
  - (D) D. D. Basu
- **23.** How has Partha Chatterjee characterised the planning process in India after independence?
  - (A) Planning for capitalism
  - (B) Passive Revolution
  - (C) Intermediate regime
  - (D) Gradual withdrawal of State
- **24.** Which one of the following about D. Easton's systems analysis is *not* correct?
  - (A) Social wants which approach the political system for their satisfaction are called 'inputs of demand'.
  - (B) When there are too many demands for the system, it is called 'demand overload'.
  - (C) Overload signifies a situation of 'demand stress'.
  - (D) This transformation of inputs of demand into demand stress is known as 'conversion'.
- **25.** Which of the following, according to Almond and Powell, are the major criticisms against traditional approach towards comparative politics?

Traditional approach suffers from

- (A) Parochialism, Configurative analysis and Formalism.
- (B) Descriptive, Parochial and Static.
- (C) Eurocentric, Descriptive and Configurative.
- (D) Monographic, Formalistic and Parochial.
- **26.** Who has categorized the interest groups into clientalistic and parentalistic interest groups?
  - (A) S. Verba
  - (B) G. Almond
  - (C) J. La Palombara
  - (D) R. Macridis

- **27.** Which one of the following is *not* correct about C. Wright Mills' idea of power elite?
  - (A) Centralization of power in economic, political and military institutions.
  - (B) Institutional trends indicate development of permanent war-establishment.
  - (C) Triangle of power is a structural fact.
  - (D) The triangle of power which represents the 'power elite' is further supported by the ruling elite.
- **28.** Which of the following is *not* related to the idea of constitutionalism?
  - (A) Exercise of political power shall be bound by rules.
  - (B) Functions of the government is limited.
  - (C) Presence of clear separation of powers.
  - (D) Presence of effective restraints on governmental functions.
- **29.** Who among the following has attempted a correlation between electoral system and party system?
  - (A) Robert Dahl
  - (B) M. Duverger
  - (C) J. S. Mill
  - (D) Herman Finer
- **30.** A government in which few people such as dominant clique have power is known as
  - (A) Monarchy
  - (B) Oligarchy
  - (C) Autocracy
  - (D) Anarchy

**31.** Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion(A) and the other labelled as Reason(R). Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

*Assertion(A)*: Comparative Politics is concerned with political phenomena.

*Reason(R)*: Comparison helps us to understand concepts, events and theories.

#### Codes:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- 32. The Conservative Party in Britain is a
  - (A) Mass Party
  - (B) Catch-all Party
  - (C) Elite Party
  - (D) Liberal Party
- **33.** Who among the following is a major protagonist of the public choice school?
  - (A) George Fredrickson
  - (B) Frank Marini
  - (C) Nicholas Henry
  - (D) Vincent Ostrom
- **34.** The four major themes of the New Public Administration are:
  - (A) Context, Ethics, Equity and Change
  - (B) Relevance, Values, Equity and Change
  - (C) Relevance, Ethics, Equality and Transformation
  - (D) Context, Values, Equality and Transformation
- **35.** Who said, "Development Administration is an action-oriented, goal-oriented administrative system"?
  - (A) Fred Riggs
  - (B) Edward Weidner
  - (C) Charles Perrow
  - (D) U. L. Goswami

X-7 1017-II

- **36.** The recommendations for the constitution of Lok Pal and Lokayukta was first made by
  - (A) The Law Commission
  - (B) The Vigilance Commission
  - (C) The 1st Administrative Reforms Commission
  - (D) The 2nd Administrative Reform Commission
- **37.** *The Functions of the Chief Executive* was written
  - (A) Henry Fayol
  - (B) Chester Barnard
  - (C) Frederick Taylor
  - (D) Elton Mayo
- 38. The Hawthorne Studies were based on the following organization
  - (A) Western Elective Company
  - (B) General Electric
  - (C) Brunswick Corporation
  - (D) EMC Corporation
- **39.** Which of the following is *not* a feature of Max Weber's theory of bureaucracy?
  - (A) Flexible division of labour
  - (B) Hierarchy of offices
  - (C) Selection based on qualifications
  - (D) Clear career paths
- **40.** Which of the following scholars is associated with the Incremental Model of decision making?
  - (A) Amitai Etzioni
  - (B) Charles Lindblom
  - (C) Aaron Wildavsky
  - (D) Herbert Simon
  - 41. WTO has its headquarters in
    - (A) Washington
    - (B) Geneva
    - (C) Paris
    - (D) Brussels

- 42. The following agency of the United Nations played a pioneering role in propagating 'Good Governance'.
  - (A) UNICEF
  - (B) UNESCO
  - (C) UNHCR
  - (D) UNDP
- **43.** Match *List I* with *List II* and select the correct answer.

	List I	List II
	Conference/Treaty	Year
(A)	Washington Naval	1921-22
	Conference	
(B)	Kellogg-Briard Pact	1919
(C)	Treaty of Versailles	1925
(D)	Locarno Treaties	1927

- **44.** What is the motto of ASEAN?
  - (A) "One objective, One identity, One organisation"
  - (B) "One Vision, One Identity, One Community"
  - (C) "One Vision, One Identity, One Organisation"
  - (D) "One Vision, One Reality, One Community"
- 45. Identity the following events in the correct chronological order, use the codes given below:
  - (i) PTBT
  - (ii) CTBT
  - (iii) NPT

(C)

(i)

- (iv) Pokhran Nuclear Explosion I
- (A) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (B) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (iv) (D) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

(iii)

(ii)

1017–II X–8

46.	Match	List 1	with	List 1	I and	select	the	correc	et
answe	r using	the co	des b	elow:					

List I List II (Name of the book) (Name of the author) (a) The Analysis of (1) E. H. Carr International Relations (b) The Study of (2) Quincy Wright International Relations (c) The Twenty Years' (3) Karl W. Crisis, 1919-1939 Deutsch (d) The Political Economy (4) Robert Gilpin of International Relations Codes: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (3) (2) (4) (1) (B) (1) (2) (3) (4)

**47.** Match *List I* with *List II* and choose the correct answer using the codes below:

(2)

(4)

(4)

(2)

(C)

(D)

(3)

(1)

(1)

(3)

ISWE	usiii	g me c	oues b	elow.			
List I					List II		
(Port)						(Country)	
(a)	Gwa	dar			(1)	Bangladesh	
(b)	Mong	gla			(2)	Iran	
(c)	Ham	bantota	ì		(3)	Pakistan	
(d)	Chabahar				(4)	Sri Lanka	
	Code	rs:					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(A)	(1)	(2)	(4)	(3)		
	(B)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(4)		
	(C)	(3)	(1)	(4)	(2)		
	(D)	(1)	(3)	(4)	(2)		

- **48.** The UN Conference held in Copenhagen, known as COP 15 dealt with the issue of
  - (A) Global warming
  - (B) Environment
  - (C) Population explosion
  - (D) Climate change
- **49.** Which of the following was *not* a member of Axis Powers during the Second World War?
  - (A) Germany
  - (B) Japan
  - (C) Italy
  - (D) USSR
  - **50.** Game theory in IR assumes
    - (A) rational choice behaviour from actors.
    - (B) impulsive choice behaviour from actors.
    - (C) culturally conditioned response from actors.
    - (D) None of the above