

JEE Main 2026: High-Weightage Problems in Matrices, Determinants, and Vectors with Fully Solved Sets

1. If A is a square matrix, the matrix A^{-1} exists only when:
 - a. A is singular
 - b. Determinant of A is zero
 - c. Determinant of A is non-zero
 - d. A is diagonal

Solution: Determinant of A is non-zero

2. If any two rows or columns of a determinant are identical, then its value is:
 - a. 0
 - b. 0
 - c. Non-zero constant
 - d. Undefined

Solution: 0

3. The determinant of an identity matrix of any order is:
 - a. 0
 - b. 1
 - c. Equal to its order
 - d. Undefined

Solution: 1

4. If a row or column of a determinant is multiplied by zero, then the determinant becomes:
 - a. Same as before
 - b. Negative of original
 - c. Zero
 - d. Doubled

Solution: Zero

5. Two vectors are said to be collinear if:
 - a. They have equal magnitudes
 - b. They are parallel to the same or opposite directions
 - c. Their scalar product is zero
 - d. They are perpendicular

Solution: They are parallel to the same or opposite directions

6. A bag has 3 red and 2 blue balls. One ball drawn at random. Probability it is red=?

Solution: $\frac{3}{5}$

7. Distance between points A (1,0,0) and B (4,3,0) in 3D=?

Solution: 5

8. A triangle has legs 6 and 8. Find the radius r of its inscribed circle (inradius).

Solution: $r = 2$

9. A dice is thrown once. Probability of getting an even number= ?

Solution: $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$

10. The zero vector is the one which has:

- a. Zero magnitude or no direction
- b. Unit magnitude
- c. Infinite direction
- d. Constant magnitude

Solution: Zero magnitude or no direction

11. If two vectors are perpendicular, their dot product is:

- a. 1
- b. 0
- c. Undefined
- d. Equal

Solution: 0