

A-4-Y

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 17]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 15]

10th ARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25

104-Y

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Section-A

(Objective Type Questions)

1 each

1. Do as directed :

(i) When did the French revolution take place in Europe ?

(A) 1789 A.D.

(B) 1799 A.D.

(C) 1792 A.D.

(D) 1795 A.D.

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Turn Over

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(ii) Who was the 1st President of Indian National Congress ?

(A) A.O. Hume

(B) Gandhiji

(C) S.N. Benerjee

(D) Lajpat Rai

(iii) Pulses are crops

(Fill in the blank)

(iv) Champaran Satyagraha is related to :

(A) Mining

(B) Forestry

(C) Indigo Cultivation

(D) Jute Mills

(v) was the most celebrated Kashmiri Poet who wrote
 "Bomber Te Yemberzal." (Fill in the blank)

(vi) Which crop was introduced in Baba Budan hills ?

(A) Tea

(B) Coffee

(C) Rice

(D) Cotton

(vii) Which town is the electronic capital of India ?

(A) Mumbai

(B) Kolkata

(C) Bangalore

(D) Pune

(viii) Which one of these is a feature of dictatorship ?

(A) No Constitution

(B) No value of public opinion

(C) Monopoly over power

(D) All of these ✓,

(ix) Which one of these is better ?

(A) Democracy

(B) Dictatorship

(C) Both (A) and (B)

(D) None of these

- (x) Which one of the following factors is not a locational factor of an industry ?
- (A) Climate
- (B) Capital
- (C) Cheap Land
- (D) Per capita Income
- (xi) N.G.O. stands for (Fill in the blank)
- (xii) Plastic bags are (Fill in the blank)
- (xiii) The most employment generation sector of Jammu and Kashmir is :
 (A) Handicrafts and Handloom

(B) Tourism

(C) Agriculture

(D) ITI

(xiv) New Kashmir Manifesto was adopted in

(Fill in the blank)

(xv) Iron ore is a mineral.

(Fill in the blank)

(xvi) P.M.R.Y. stands for

(Fill in the blank)

(xvii) Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir was formed in the

year :

(A) 2017

(B) 2018

(C) 2019

(D) 2020

(xviii) There are number of Rajya Sabha seats in UT of
Jammu and Kashmir.

(Fill in the blank)

(xix) became the first Sadr-i-Riyasat in 1952 A.D.

(A) Hari Singh

(B) Karan Singh

(C) Sheik Abdullah

(D) Sadiq

(xx) Which is a natural source of air pollution ?

(A) Man

(B) Water

(C) Volcano

(D) None of these

Section-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 each

Note :- Answer to these questions should be 40 to 60 words each.

2. Why Indians were outraged by the Rowlatt Act ?

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3. What was the impact of Great Depression on Indian Economy ?

Or

Write some of the inventions that helped the growth of textile industry.

4. Why were the Corn Laws scrapped ? Explain any *three* reasons.

Or

What were the efforts made by Dogra Maharaja Ranbir Singh to organise silk industry in Kashmir ?

5. Explain any *four* characteristics of commercial farming in India.

 Describe the distribution of Iron Ore in India.

~~7.~~ A few subjects in various lists of the Indian Constitution are given here. Group them under the union, state and concurrent Lists as provided in the table below :

- (a) Defence
- (b) Police
- (c) Agriculture
- (d) Education
- (e) Banking
- (f) Forests
- (g) Communications

(h) Trade

(i) Marriages

Union List	
State List	
Concurrent List	

8. Name the eight Regional Parties of India.

✓ 9. Caste inequalities are still continuing in India. How ?

✓ 10. What are the main employment generating sector of economy of Jammu and Kashmir ?

11. What are the objectives of first-aid ?

Section-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 each

Note :- Answer to these questions should be 100 to 130 words each.

12. Why did nationalist tension emerge in the Balkans ?
13. What are the different forms of power sharing in modern democracies ?

Explain your answer with examples. <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

14. How have technical and economical development led to more consumption of resources ?

15. What are major reasons of slow growth of handicrafts and handloom industry in U.T. of Jammu and Kashmir ?

16. Read the extract and answer the questions given below

Very cheap small books were brought to markets in 19th century and sold at crossroads, allowing poor people to markets to buy them. Public Libraries were set-up from early Twentieth Century, expanding the access to books. These libraries were located mostly in cities and towns. From the late nineteenth century issues of caste discrimination began to be written about in many printed tracts and essays. Writers like Jyotiba Phule, B.R. Ambedkar and E.V. Ramaswamy wrote powerfully on caste discrimination and their writing were read by people all over India. Millworkers of Bangalore set up libraries to educate themselves, wrote to show the links between caste and class exploitation. All over India, they set up libraries.

Questions :

- (a) Name the writers who wrote on the issues of cast discrimination. 1
- (b) Name the places and purpose of setting up, libraries during early twentieth century. 2
- (c) Why millworkers set up libraries ? Explain. 2

Section-D

(Map Based Question)

17/ (a) Indicate the following in a given outline map of India :

(i) Indira Gandhi International Airport

(ii) Mumbai Port

(iii) Railway line from Baramulla to Sangaldan

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(b) On the outline map of the world, shade and label two Federal

Countries.

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