

Roll No.....

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Total No. of Questions : 17]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 8

**XARJKUT23**

**9304-Z**

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**[Maximum Marks : 80**

**Time : 3 Hours]**

**Section-A**

**(Objective Type Questions)**

**1 each**

**I. Do as directed :**

(i) Napoleonic code was introduced in the year of :

(A) 1809 (B) 1807

(C) 1805 (D) ~~1804~~

**(Choose the correct option)**

(ii) Which person is known as the 'Frontier Gandhi' ?

(A) Feroz Gandhi

(B) Nehru

(C) ~~Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan~~

(D) S.C. Bose

**(Choose the correct option)**

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(iii) When was Dogras heredity position abolished ?

(A) 1951

(B) ~~1952~~

(C) 1953

(D) 1954

(Choose the correct option)

(iv) Tea cultivation is an example of ..... agriculture.

(Fill in the blank)

(v) Maefi Nama poem was written by :

(A) Dina Nath Nadim

(B) Prof. Ram Nath Shastri

(C) ~~Rehman Rahi~~

(D) Dinoo Bhai Bant

(Choose the correct option)

(vi) Distressed Debtors Act was passed in 1950. (True/False)

(vii) .....~~U.P.~~..... state is largest producer of wheat in India.

(Fill in the blank)

(viii) The Congress split at Surat in :

(A) 1905

(B) ~~1907~~

(C) 1909

(D) 1911

(Choose the correct option)

(ix) For which is Raniganj famous for :

(A) Atomic energy      (B) Iron ore  
(C) Coal reserve      (D) Oil field

(Choose the correct option)

(x) The High Court of ..... will function as the High Court for both Jammu-Kashmir and Ladakh. (Fill in the blank)

(xi) SAIL is a public sector industry. (True/False)

(xii) ..... is the electronic capital of India.

Bouguere

(Fill in the blank)

(xiii) Heavy industries are :

- (A) Capital intensive
- (B) Labour intensive
- (C) Land intensive
- (D) All of these

(Choose the correct option)

(xiv) Expected outcome of democracy is :

- (A) Democracy
- (B) Dictatorship
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) None of these

(Choose the correct option)

(xv) Democracies have successfully eliminated .

(Fill in the blank)

(xvi) There are ..... major craft clusters in Jammu and

## Kashmir.

(A) 178

(B) 179

(C) 180

(D) 181

(Choose the correct option)

(xvii) Which Article of Indian Constitution empowered State Legislature to define the status of permanent residents of the state ?

(A) 35-A

(B) 36-A

(C) 370-A

(D) 308-A

(Choose the correct option)

(xviii) What is the full form of SDRF ?

(xix) Wular Lake is situated in ..... (Fill in the blank)

(xx) Kashmir falls in which of the seismic zones ?

(A) I

(B)  V and  $\bar{V}$

(C) 11

(D) III

(Choose the correct option)

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**Section-B****(Short Answer Type Questions)**

3 each

**Note :-** Answer to these questions should be 40 to 60 words each.

2. Why was Civil Disobedience launched ?

3. Explain the three types of movements or flows within international economic exchange. Find one example of each type of flow which involved India and Indians and write a short account of it.

*Or*

Why did some industrialists in nineteenth century Europe prefer hand labour over machines ?

4. Explain the consequences of Great Depression.

*Or*

The East India Company appointed gomasthas to supervise weavers in India. Explain.

5. Describe the important features of rice cultivation.

6. Describe the four different types of coal found in India.

7. A few subjects in various lists of Indian Constitution are given here. Group them under the union, state and concurrent lists as provided in the table below :

- (i) Defence
- (ii) Police
- (iii) Agriculture
- (iv) Education
- (v) Banking
- (vi) Forests
- (vii) Communications
- (viii) Trade
- (ix) Marriages :

Union list

State list

Concurrent list

8. Explain the challenges faced by the political parties.

9. Mention different aspects of life in which women are discriminated or disadvantaged in India.

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10. What should be the approach to help a fire burn patient ?

11. Write a brief note on micro, small and medium scale industries in employment generation in J & K.

### Section-C

#### (Long Answer Type Questions)

5 each

**Note :-** Answer to these questions should be 100 to 130 words each.

12. Briefly trace the process of German unification.

13. Name the soils found in India. Discuss any *one* in detail.

14. What are the different forms of power sharing in modern democracies ?  
Give an example of each of these. <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

15. How does horticulture contribute to the state economy ?

16. Read the extract and answer the questions :

The lives and feelings of women began to be written in intense ways. Liberal husbands and fathers began educating their womenfolk at home, women school were also set up, but not all families were liberal. Conservative Hindus believed that a literate girl would be windowed and Muslims feared that women would be corrupted by reading Urdu romances. Many women writers came forward in favour of educating women by highlighting the experiences of

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woman, about how women were imprisoned at home, treated unjustly and kept in ignorance. Tarabai Shinde and Ramabai wrote with passionate anger about the miserable lives of upper caste Hindu women especially widows. X

*Questions :*

- (a) How did liberal husbands and fathers help their women ? 1
- (b) What was the thinking of conservative Indians ? 2
- (c) Name some women writers other than in the extract who have helped women education. 2

**Section-D**

**(Map Based Question)**

17. (a) In an outline map of India locate and label the following seaports (any *three*) :

- (i) Deendayal Port
- (ii) Mangalore
- (iii) Marmagao
- (iv) Mumbi
- (v) Kochchi 3

(b) On the outline map of the world shade and label any *two* non-federal countries. 2